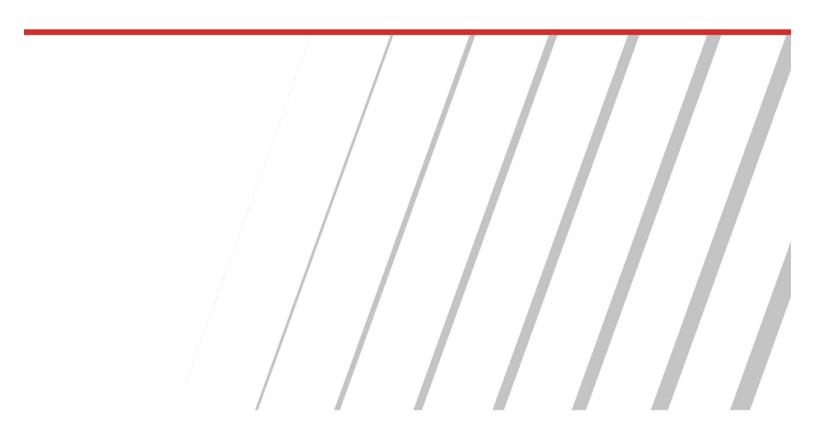
# **Project Hospitality, Inc.** and Subsidiaries

Independent Auditor's Report and Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2023 and 2022



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# FORV/S

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### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Staten Island, New York

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, in 2023, Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries adopted new accounting guidance for leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries' basic financial statements. The Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Financial Position Information and Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Activities Information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Financial Position Information and Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Activities Information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# FORVIS, LLP

New York, New York May 14, 2024

# Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,747,404	\$	2,557,326
Investments		2,329,787		2,194,443
Accounts receivable		586,780		778,293
Due from government agencies		16,693,878		13,476,525
Contributions receivable		189,075		562,295
Assets limited as to use		58,556		54,146
Prepaid expenses and other receivables		336,458		290,086
Right-of-use assets - operating leases		9,941,078		-
Note receivable		799,740		799,740
Property and equipment, net		10,436,569		9,165,439
Total assets	\$	43,119,325	\$	29,878,293
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	3,577,526	\$	3,499,544
Due to government agencies	Ŧ	1,687,753	Ŧ	1,311,267
Long-term debt		2,248,367		1,039,387
Operating lease liabilities		10,149,926		-
Capital advance		3,275,765		3,275,765
Total liabilities		20,939,337		9,125,963
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions				
Undesignated		19,114,743		17,269,371
Board designated		2,316,354		2,184,129
Total net assets without donor restrictions		21,431,097		19,453,500
With donor restrictions		748,891		1,298,830
Total net assets		22,179,988		20,752,330
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	43,119,325	\$	29,878,293

### Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023			2022	
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support						
Government grants	\$ 40,159,009	\$-	\$ 40,159,009	\$ 34,672,987	\$-	\$ 34,672,987
Medicaid and other program fees	7,500,912	-	7,500,912	5,919,508	-	5,919,508
Rental income	2,157,805	-	2,157,805	1,946,733	-	1,946,733
Contributions and grants revenue	451,010	1,535,632	1,986,642	468,147	1,688,411	2,156,558
Special events - net of direct costs of \$41,117						
in 2023 and \$4,455 in 2022	231,479	-	231,479	294,406	-	294,406
Investment return	209,520	-	209,520	(246,884)	-	(246,884)
Contributed nonfinancial assets	471,736	-	471,736	601,305	-	601,305
Gain on forgiveness of loan	-	-	-	3,512,875	-	3,512,875
Other income	357,566	-	357,566	472,702	-	472,702
Net assets released from restrictions	2,085,571	(2,085,571)		1,609,942	(1,609,942)	
Total revenues, gains, and other support	53,624,608	(549,939)	53,074,669	49,251,721	78,469	49,330,190
Expenses						
Program services						
Support and treatment services	12,464,778	-	12,464,778	13,042,214	-	13,042,214
Re-housing services	14,126,702	-	14,126,702	12,831,742	-	12,831,742
Homeless care and prevention services	19,835,352		19,835,352	16,723,087		16,723,087
Total program services	46,426,832		46,426,832	42,597,043		42,597,043
Supporting services						
Management and general	5,007,403	-	5,007,403	4,428,146	-	4,428,146
Fundraising	212,776		212,776	443,328		443,328
Total supporting services	5,220,179		5,220,179	4,871,474		4,871,474
Total expenses	51,647,011		51,647,011	47,468,517		47,468,517
Change in Net Assets	1,977,597	(549,939)	1,427,658	1,783,204	78,469	1,861,673
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	19,453,500	1,298,830	20,752,330	17,670,296	1,220,361	18,890,657
Net Assets. End of Year	\$ 21,431,097	\$ 748,891	\$ 22,179,988	\$ 19,453,500	\$ 1,298,830	\$ 20,752,330

### Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program	Services		5	Supporting Service	s	
	Support and Treatment Services	Re-housing Services	Homeless Care and Prevention Services	Total	Management and General	Fundraising	Total	Total
Salaries	\$ 6,631,241	\$ 3,963,772	\$ 7,026,843	\$ 17,621,856	\$ 2,646,717	\$ 123,126	\$ 2,769,843	\$ 20,391,699
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	1,932,329	1,134,594	1,996,487	5,063,410	685,948	32,635	718,583	5,781,993
Total salaries and related								
expenses	8,563,570	5,098,366	9,023,330	22,685,266	3,332,665	155,761	3,488,426	26,173,692
Client expenses	990,755	7,136,668	4,067,889	12,195,312	16,270	359	16,629	12,211,941
Insurance	112,702	176,432	199,889	489,023	59,489	-	59,489	548,512
Rent	680,906	329,468	426,846	1,437,220	113,866	-	113,866	1,551,086
Auto	147,834	142,273	162,219	452,326	12,622	-	12,622	464,948
Equipment lease and purchase	137,266	90,560	76,022	303,848	49,707	-	49,707	353,555
Utilities	100,160	91,499	347,463	539,122	68,951	-	68,951	608,073
Repairs and maintenance	192,799	175,844	680,425	1,049,068	34,190	-	34,190	1,083,258
Telephone	164,403	132,837	156,773	454,013	68,981	-	68,981	522,994
Supplies	80,554	87,993	75,262	243,809	94,539	14,487	109,026	352,835
Contract services	141.182	246,100	3,291,207	3,678,489	112,071	-	112,071	3,790,560
Professional fees	917,151	85,258	690,905	1,693,314	353,448	26,625	380,073	2,073,387
Printing and postage	27,097	890	1,810	29,797	6,546	15,158	21,704	51,501
Community relations	1,395	-	-	1,395	16,122	51	16,173	17,568
Staff recruitment	7,790	3,840	10.559	22,189	17,517	216	17,733	39,922
Per diem contractors	72,110	-	25,248	97,358	245,902		245,902	343,260
Staff-related expenses	37,786	26,529	25,528	89,843	44,142	119	44,261	134,104
Real estate taxes		4,225	87,655	91,880	42,121	-	42,121	134,001
Food and entertainment	-	-	-	-	5,145	41,117	46,262	46,262
Depreciation and amortization	29,950	255,235	255,268	540,453	192,914	-	192,914	733,367
Interest expense	,	271	74,875	75,146	51,316	-	51,316	126,462
Miscellaneous	59,368	42,414	156,179	257,961	68,879		68,879	326,840
Total expenses	12,464,778	14,126,702	19,835,352	46,426,832	5,007,403	253,893	5,261,296	51,688,128
Less direct costs of special events						(41,117)	(41,117)	(41,117)
Total expenses reported by function on the consolidated statements of activities	\$ 12,464,778	\$ 14,126,702	\$ 19,835,352	\$ 46,426,832	\$ 5,007,403	\$ 212,776	\$ 5,220,179	\$ 51,647,011

### Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	Services		s	Supporting Service	s	
	Support and Treatment Services	Re-housing Services	Homeless Care and Prevention Services	Total	Management and General	Fundraising	Total	Total
Salaries	\$ 7,343,585	\$ 3,277,865	\$ 6,231,902	\$ 16,853,352	\$ 2,310,200	\$ 288,345	\$ 2,598,545	\$ 19,451,897
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	1,911,495	881,988	1,650,921	4,444,404	627,002	76,159	703,161	5,147,565
Total salaries and related								
expenses	9,255,080	4,159,853	7,882,823	21,297,756	2,937,202	364,504	3,301,706	24,599,462
Client expenses	898,554	6,746,172	3,641,705	11,286,431	10,300	73	10,373	11,296,804
Insurance	51,507	234,937	114,226	400,670	43,888	-	43,888	444,558
Rent	679,198	316,626	401,451	1,397,275	238,495	-	238,495	1,635,770
Auto	152,545	144,813	156,535	453,893	17,028	-	17,028	470,921
Equipment lease and purchase	58,350	63,952	96,301	218,603	64,346	18,265	82,611	301,214
Utilities	76,677	100,181	335,155	512,013	50,919	-	50,919	562,932
Repairs and maintenance	77,768	147,862	537,676	763,306	89,652	-	89,652	852,958
Telephone	169,727	119,732	149,933	439,392	70,016	-	70,016	509,408
Supplies	74,708	68,746	68,153	211,607	83,274	15,109	98,383	309,990
Contract services	140,011	196,724	2,207,701	2,544,436	59,950	315	60,265	2,604,701
Professional fees	1,029,441	65,296	589,811	1,684,548	340,730	22,000	362,730	2,047,278
Printing and postage	28,775	1,211	8,271	38,257	8,110	17,188	25,298	63,555
Community relations	16,647	-	-	16,647	9,572	5,754	15,326	31,973
Staff recruitment	4,329	2,283	4,376	10,988	8,712	-	8,712	19,700
Per diem contractors	114,016	-	28,208	142,224	160,933	-	160,933	303,157
Staff-related expenses	40,526	22,744	30,402	93,672	40,114	120	40,234	133,906
Real estate taxes	6,682	19,716	114,337	140,735	15,764	-	15,764	156,499
Food and entertainment	-	-	-	-	-	4,455	4,455	4,455
Depreciation and amortization	23,039	255,235	260,035	538,309	118,969	-	118,969	657,278
Interest expense	-	-	84,985	84,985	141	-	141	85,126
Miscellaneous	144,634	165,659	11,003	321,296	60,031		60,031	381,327
Total expenses	13,042,214	12,831,742	16,723,087	42,597,043	4,428,146	447,783	4,875,929	47,472,972
Less direct costs of special events						(4,455)	(4,455)	(4,455)
Total expenses reported by function on the consolidated statements of activities	\$ 13,042,214	\$ 12,831,742	\$ 16,723,087	\$ 42,597,043	\$ 4,428,146	\$ 443,328	\$ 4,871,474	\$ 47,468,517

### Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 1,427,658	\$ 1,861,673
Items not requiring (providing) operating cash flows	¢ 1,121,000	φ 1,001,010
Depreciation and amortization	733,367	657,278
Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(104,689)	401,489
Gain on forgiveness of loan	(101,000)	(3,512,875)
Noncash contributions, net of noncash expense	(149,461)	(138,528)
Contributions restricted for long-lived assets	-	(200,000)
Noncash lease expense	(35,903)	(200,000)
Changes in	(00,000)	
Accounts receivable	191,513	(380,261)
Due from government agencies	(3,217,353)	(1,712,860)
Contributions receivable	373,220	(90,310)
Prepaid expenses and other receivables	(46,372)	143,465
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	307,935	(241,927)
Due to government agencies	376,486	857,733
Refundable advances	-	(173,777)
		(,.,
Net cash used in operating activities	(143,599)	(2,528,900)
Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	23,210	466,136
Purchase of investments	(53,865)	(557,702)
Acquisitions of property and equipment	(1,989,699)	(1,001,127)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,020,354)	(1,092,693)
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,019,099	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	(660,658)	(40,000)
Contributions restricted for long-lived assets		200,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,358,441	160,000
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash	(805,512)	(3,461,593)
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, Beginning of Year	2,611,472	6,073,065
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, End of Year	\$ 1,805,960	\$ 2,611,472
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Interest paid	\$ 51,328	\$ 141
Contributed principal and interest on loan	\$ 223,538	\$ 223,538
Property and equipment included in accounts payable	\$ 32,478	\$ 47,276
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,747,404	\$ 2,557,326
Assets limited as to use	58,556	54,146
		01,110
	\$ 1,805,960	\$ 2,611,472

# Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Operations

The consolidated financial statements of Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries include Project Hospitality, Inc. (PHI), Watershed Associates Inc. (Watershed), New Vision Housing Development Fund Corporation (New Vision), Project Hospitality 385 Housing Development Fund Corporation (PH 385 HDFC), Castleton Housing Development Fund Corporation (Castleton), and PH 2912 Richmond Terrace LLC, collectively referred to as the Organization. The Organization was organized to provide counseling, food, and shelter to homeless individuals.

PHI is a New York not-for-profit organization whose mission and principal activities are to reach out to the community members who are hungry, homeless, or otherwise in need in order to work with them to achieve self-sufficiency. PHI advocates for those in need and establishes a comprehensive continuum of care that begins with the provision of food, clothing, and shelter, and extends to other services which include health care, mental health services, alcohol and substance abuse treatment, HIV care, education, vocational training, legal assistance, and transitional and permanent housing.

Watershed was incorporated under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of New York State in March 2003. Watershed's main purpose is to provide counseling, food, and shelter to homeless individuals living on Staten Island, New York. In fulfilling this purpose and objective, Watershed holds title to real and personal property, collects rental income, and remits the entire amount thereof, less expenses, to PHI.

New Vision was incorporated under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of New York State in July 2010. New Vision's main purpose is to acquire, develop, and manage housing projects for persons of low income.

PH 385 HDFC was incorporated under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of New York State in September 2000. PH 385 HDFC's main purpose is to develop a housing project for persons of low income.

Castleton was incorporated under the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law of New York State in September 2018. Castleton's main purpose is to develop a housing project for persons of low income.

PH 2912 Richmond Terrace LLC was formed in May 2023 as a limited liability company to hold mortgages for 2912-16 Richmond Terrace.

PHI is the sole member of Watershed, New Vision, PH 385 HDFC, Castleton, and PH 2912 Richmond Terrace LLC.

In September 2018, PH Castleton, Inc., a New York corporation, was formed and sold \$100 shares of stock to Castleton. In December 2018, Hudson Castleton LLC, a New York limited liability company, and PH Castleton, Inc. entered into an operating agreement of 1546 Castleton Managing Member LLC pursuant to which the Organization agreed to jointly develop a multifamily affordable housing project on certain real property owned by Castleton. PH Castleton, Inc. has a 51% interest in 1546 Castleton Managing Member LLC. On November 1, 2019, the construction loan was closed and 1546 Castleton Owner LLC was formed, in which 1546 Castleton Managing Member LLC has 0.01% interest. As part of the closing, all property and mortgage were transferred from 1546 Castleton Owner LLC.

The Organization's programmatic activities are funded primarily by grants, fee for service arrangements, and rental income from governmental agencies and contributions.

#### Principles of Consolidation

All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of money market accounts with a bank. Uninvested cash and cash equivalents included in investment accounts are not considered cash and cash equivalents.

At June 30, 2023, the Organization's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$2 million.

#### Investments and Investment Return

Investments in equity securities, closed-end funds, mutual funds, and real estate investment trusts having a readily determinable fair value are carried at fair value. Investment return includes dividend and interest; realized and unrealized gains, less external investment fees. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Investment return is reflected in the consolidated statements of activities with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

#### Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount of consideration from customers, of which the Organization has an unconditional right to receive plus any accrued and unpaid interest. The Organization provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. Interest is not accrued or recorded on outstanding receivables. Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the customer.

#### **Contract Assets**

Contract assets are recorded when the Organization has a right to consideration in exchange for good or services that the Organization has transferred to the customer. The Organization records a contract asset for the prorated amount of services provided to the customer but payment is not yet due from the customer.

#### Assets Limited as to Use

Assets limited as to use are assets set aside under the terms of certain financing agreements to be used for capital purposes or the pay down of the outstanding long-term debt.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$5,000 are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is charged to expense using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or their respective estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5 to 40 years
Leasehold improvements	2 to 11 years
Furniture and equipment	3 to 7 years
Motor vehicles	4 to 5 years

#### Long-Lived Asset Impairment

The Organization evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

#### **Refund Liabilities**

The consideration the Organization has received from customers for which it does not expect to be entitled to is recorded as a refund liability. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no refund liabilities.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor or certain grantor restrictions, net assets as a reserve for operating expenditures.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are provided to the Organization either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Gifts that depend on the Organization overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, <i>i.e.</i> , the donor-imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment, and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

When a donor-stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the consolidated statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Gifts and investment income that are originally restricted by the donor and for which the restriction is met in the same time period are recorded as revenue with donor restrictions and then released from restriction.

Conditional contributions and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received and the investment income is earned are recorded as revenue without donor restrictions.

#### Pharmacy Revenue

Pharmacy revenue is recognized as pharmaceuticals are dispensed. The Organization has a network of participating pharmacies that dispense the pharmaceuticals to its patients under contract arrangement with the Organization. The Organization participates in the 340B "Drug Discount Program" which enables qualifying health care providers to purchase drugs from pharmaceutical suppliers at a substantial discount. The 340B Drug Discount Program is managed by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) Office of Pharmacy Affairs. The Organization earns revenue under this program by purchasing pharmaceuticals at a reduced cost to fill prescriptions to qualified patients. The 340B gross receipts from this program were approximately \$206,000 and \$413,000, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and are included in other income on the consolidated statements of activities. The pharmaceutical supply costs and administrative and filing fees were approximately \$166,594 and \$326,000, respectively, for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2023 and 2022 and are included in client expenses on the consolidated statements of functional expenses. The net 340B revenue is used in Ryan White programs run by the Organization.

#### **Contributed Nonfinancial Assets**

In addition to receiving cash contributions, the Organization receives in-kind contributions of donated food from the Food Bank of New York City. The Organization records the estimated fair value of certain in-kind donations as an expense in the consolidated financial statements and similarly increase contribution revenue. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, \$471,736 and \$601,305, respectively, from Food Bank of New York City were received in in-kind contributions. Unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial assets did not have donor-imposed restrictions. The Organization estimated the fair value on the basis of estimates of wholesale values that would be received for selling similar products in the United States.

#### Due from Government Agencies and Government Grants

The Organization records receivables based on established agreements with government funders. Support funded by grants is recognized as the Organization performs the contracted services or incurs outlays eligible for reimbursement under the grant agreements. Grant activities and outlays are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency and, as a result of such audit, adjustments could be required. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no allowance for doubtful accounts necessary.

#### Income Taxes

PHI and PH 385 HDFC are exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. Watershed is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. New Vision was incorporated to operate as a nonprofit, exempt from income taxes under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and similar provisions of state law. PH Castleton, Inc. and PH 2912 Richmond Terrace LLC are for-profit organizations subject to income taxes. Castleton and New Vision are exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(4). The Organization is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

The Organization files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the consolidated statements of functional expenses. Certain costs have been allocated among the program, management and general, and fundraising categories based on the programmatic square footage, time studies, and other methods.

#### Revisions

Certain immaterial revisions have been made to the 2022 financial statements to reflect net advance balances due to government agencies separately from amounts due from government agencies in the amount of \$1,311,267. As a result of these revisions, assets and liabilities were increased by \$1,311,267. On the statement of cash flows, due from government agencies and due to government agencies was increased by \$857,733. There was no effect on the change in net assets or net assets.

# Note 2. Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable of \$189,075 and \$562,295 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are all due within one year and are restricted for specific purposes.

# Note 3. Grant Reimbursements Receivable and Future Commitments

The Organization receives its grant support through periodic claims filed with the respective funding sources, not to exceed a limit specified in the funding agreement. Since the financial statements of the Organization are prepared on the accrual basis, all earned portions of the grants not yet received as of June 30, 2023 have been recorded as receivables. The conditional amounts will be recognized as grant revenues when the Organization incurs qualifying expenses. The following are the grant commitments that extend beyond June 30, 2023:

Grant	Term	Grant Amount	Earned Through June 30, 2023	Amount Deobligated	Funding Available
New York Disaster Interfaith Services	6/21/2022–9/5/2023	\$ 1,531,682	\$ 160,608	\$-	\$ 1,371,074
New York City Department of Homeless Services	5/11/2004-6/30/2027	60,098,739	31,744,710	-	28,354,029
New York State Department of Health	7/1/2022-6/30/2027	5,578,130	3,375,058	-	2,203,072
New York State Department of Mental Health	7/1/2019-6/30/2024	6,478,308	3,986,797	(12,507)	2,479,004
New York City Department of Health and Mental					
Hygiene	7/1/2020-6/30/2031	26,539,603	2,686,339	-	23,853,264
Emergency Housing Navigator	12/13/2021-12/20/2023	418,832	294,277	-	124,555
New York City Department of Youth and					
Community Development	7/1/2022-6/30/2024	3,028,918	1,845,673	-	1,183,245
New York State Department of Housing and					
Urban Development	11/1/2022–11/30/2023	4,463,163	2,655,005	-	1,808,158
Public Health Solutions	3/1/2022-2/28/2026	2,360,586	778,334	-	1,582,252
New York State Office of Temporary and					
Disability Assistance	10/1/2022–9/30/2027	1,500,000	268,635	-	1,231,365
New York State Office of Alcoholism and					
Substance Abuse Services	7/1/2019-6/30/2024	9,025,930	4,677,662	-	4,348,268
New York City Department of Social Services/					
Human Resources Administration	10/1/2022–9/30-2023	1,100,000	480,074		619,926
		\$122,123,891	\$ 52,953,172	\$ (12,507)	\$ 69,158,212

# Note 4. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Medicaid and other program fees and pharmacy revenue is the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Organization expects to be entitled to in exchange for standing ready to provide services to its customers.

# Third-Party Payors

Agreements with third-party payors typically provide for payments at established charges. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicaid: Reimbursements for Medicaid services are generally paid for each type of service provided.

*Other:* Payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations provide for payment using prospectively determined rates per established charges.

Revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied, which is ratably over the period services are provided. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is generally recognized when goods are provided to its clients and customers in a retail setting (for example, pharmaceuticals) and the Organization does not believe it is required to provide additional goods related to the client.

#### Transaction Price and Recognition

The Organization determines the transaction price based on standard charges for services provided, reduced by explicit price concessions provided to customers. The Organization determines its estimate of explicit price concessions based on its historical collection experience with this class of customers.

From time to time, the Organization will receive overpayments of customer balances resulting in amounts owed back to either the customers or third parties. These amounts are excluded from revenues and are recorded as liabilities until they are refunded. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization did not have any liability for refunds to third-party payors and customers.

Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustments to revenue in the period of the change. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, no additional revenue was recognized due to changes in its estimates of implicit price concessions, discounts, and contractual adjustments for performance obligations satisfied in prior years. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the customer's ability to pay are recorded as bad debt expense.

The Organization has determined that the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by the payors that have different payment methodologies.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization recognized revenue of \$7,539,696 and \$5,923,298, respectively, from services that transfer to the customer over time. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization recognized approximately \$206,000 and \$413,000, respectively, from pharmaceutical supplies provided to patients for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time.

#### **Contract Balances**

Contract assets primarily relate to the Organization's rights to consideration for services provided but not billed at the reporting date. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. Contract liabilities represent the Organization's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer when consideration has already been received from the customer. There were no contract assets or contract liabilities as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 or July 1, 2021.

The following table provides information about the Organization's receivables from contracts with customers as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023		 2022	
Accounts receivable, beginning of year Accounts receivable, end of year	\$	435,745 277,914	\$ 392,438 435,745	

#### Portfolio Approach

The Organization has to use the portfolio approach as a practical expedient to account for contracts as a collective group, rather than individually, as indicated in the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 606-10-10-4, because the financial statement effects are not expected to materially differ from an individual contract approach.

#### Financing Component

The Organization has elected the practical expedient allowed under FASB ASC 606-10-32-18 and does not adjust the promised amount of consideration from customers and third parties for the effects of a significant financing component due to the Organization's expectation that the period between the time the service is provided to a customer and the time the customer or a third-party payor pays for that service will be one year or less.

# Note 5. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consists of:

	2023	2022
Land	\$ 1,883,857	\$ 1,451,407
Buildings and improvements	10,715,417	9,536,489
Leasehold improvements	2,977,068	2,149,017
Furniture and fixtures	2,536,950	2,526,123
Motor vehicles	68,754	68,754
Construction in progress	756,254	1,202,013
	18,938,300	16,933,803
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(8,501,731)	(7,768,364)
	\$ 10,436,569	\$ 9,165,439

PH 385 HDFC received funding from the NYC Department of Homeless Services (NYC DHS), the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and Federal Home Loan Bank of New York (FHLB) for rehabilitation of the building located at 385 Jersey Street, Staten Island, NY. The property is authorized to be used for housing needs, to promote the development of independent living, and includes innovative approaches to assist homeless persons in their transition from homelessness. PH 385 HDFC was also awarded the Affordable Housing Program Direct subsidy from the FHLB in the amount of \$543,501. The subsidy is for 15 years at no interest, with no schedule of payments, and will be forgiven at the end of the term which began on March 10, 2008 (date of occupancy). Under the term of the agreement, the property must be used to provide housing for income eligible households for 15 years and may not be sold or transferred without prior notification to FHLB. If the project does not comply with the terms of the agreement, the amount provided will be considered to be in default and the amount of subsidy provided plus interest will be recovered. The funding was forgiven in August 2023.

PH 385 HDFC has a contract with the NYC DHS and is required to operate the facility in accordance with the terms of the agreement for a period of 20 years and nine months. The residence was established to provide housing for 30 homeless adults and ancillary services. NYC DHS makes the monthly mortgage payments directly to the Low Income Investment Fund (LIIF) (see Note 8), as reflected in the debt service line of the contract. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, total payments made by NYC DHS amounted to \$223,538 in each of the years and that amount is recorded as part of the government grants revenue.

# Note 6. Assets Limited as to Use

In accordance with the mortgage loan agreement, mortgage and maintenance reserve accounts are required to be maintained by PH 385 HDFC. Deposits to the funds are held by LIIF (the Lender). PH 385 HDFC is required to make quarterly deposits into the maintenance reserve account in the amount of \$625. Deposits can be used upon approval from NYC DHS and the Lender for major and "non-ordinary" repairs of the premises. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the balance was \$58,556 and \$54,146, respectively.

### Note 7. Note Receivable

In November 2019, Watershed issued a note receivable in the amount of \$799,740, with interest compounded annually at 6%. The note is due from 1546 Castleton Owner LLC, a New York limited liability company. The principal sum, together with all accrued and unpaid interest, shall be due and payable no later than 60 years from the conversion of construction loans to permanent financing, which was November 2019. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, Watershed recorded accrued interest receivable of \$263,221 and \$216,507, respectively, which is included in prepaid expenses and other receivables in the consolidated statements of financial position.

### Note 8. Long-Term Debt

LIIF provided the Organization a 20-year mortgage loan of \$2,291,190 with an annual interest of 7.62%. The loan requires monthly interest and principal payment of \$18,626. The loan payments commenced on April 1, 2008 and will mature on March 1, 2028. The loan payments are made by NYC DHS directly to LIIF (see Note 5) and are secured by the property located at 385 Jersey Street, Staten Island, NY. The outstanding balance was \$889,926 and \$1,039,387 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

On October 26, 2022, the Organization closed on a property located at 2912-16 Richmond Terrace, Staten Island, NY. There were two mortgages with Northfield Bank on the property totaling \$1,434,000. The first mortgage in the amount of \$1,162,500 with a fixed interest rate of 5.93% and monthly payments of principal and interest in the amount of \$7,498 matures on November 1, 2047. The second mortgage in the amount of \$271,500 with a fixed interest of \$2,416 matures on November 1, 2032. The outstanding balance on these mortgages was \$1,358,441 as of June 30, 2023. These mortgages are subject to certain non-financial covenants which were not met for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In December 2022, the Organization obtained a \$585,099 non-interest-bearing loan from Fund for the City of New York to cover operating expenses. As of June 30, 2023, the loan was fully paid back.

Future principal payments are as follows:

2023–2024	\$ 199,368
2024–2025	214,673
2025–2026	230,919
2026–2027	248,404
2027–2028	212,967
Thereafter	 1,142,036
Total	\$ 2,248,367

### Note 9. Capital Advances

In September 2016, New Vision entered into an agreement with New York State Housing and Assistance Corporation Homeless Housing and Assistance Program (HHAP), with PHI as the sponsor, to operate a project to provide housing for homeless people at a building located at 411 Vanderbilt Avenue, Staten Island, NY. The first phase of this project included a capital advance of up to \$3,292,123 to renovate and rehabilitate the property for occupancy. HHAP may recover the funds in the event the project ceases to be used as a shelter for the homeless within 25 years. Provided the project continues to operate in this capacity for 25 years, the capital advance balance will be forgiven. The capital advance does not bear interest and has no required payments. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, \$3,275,765 had been drawn on the capital advance. The maturity date is October 18, 2039.

In July 2007, Watershed entered into an agreement with HHAP to operate a project to provide housing for homeless people at 157 Beechwood Avenue, Staten Island, NY. New Vision received a capital advance of \$510,700. HHAP may recover the funds in the event the project ceases to be used as a shelter for the homeless within 25 years. Provided the project continues to operate in this capacity for 25 years, the capital advance balance will be forgiven. The capital advance does not bear interest and has no required payments. The maturity date is August 2032. This was recognized as revenue in previous years as the Organization expects to meet the conditions for forgiveness.

In December 2008, Watershed entered into an agreement with HHAP to operate a project to provide housing for homeless people at 355 and 365 Van Pelt Avenue, Staten Island, NY. New Vision received a capital advance of \$945,082. HHAP may recover the funds in the event the project ceases to be used as a shelter for the homeless within 25 years. Provided the project continues to operate in this capacity for 25 years, the capital advance balance will be forgiven. The capital advance does not bear interest and has no required payments. The maturity date is December 2034. This was recognized as revenue in previous years as the Organization expects to meet the conditions for forgiveness.

#### Note 10. Line of Credit

On October 26, 2022, the Organization obtained a line of credit for \$2 million with Northfield Bank. The line of credit is due on demand with no expiration date and is collateralized by the Organization's assets. There was no outstanding balance as of June 30, 2023 and 2022.

#### Note 11. Leases

#### Change in Accounting Principle

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842). This ASU requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use (ROU) asset on a discounted basis, for substantially all leases, as well as additional disclosures regarding leasing arrangements. Disclosures are required to enable users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. In July 2018, FASB issued ASU 2018-11, *Leases* (Topic 842): *Targeted Improvements*, which provides an optional transition method of applying the new lease standard. Topic 842 can be applied using either a modified retrospective approach at the beginning of the earliest period presented or, as permitted by ASU 2018-11, at the beginning of the period in which it is adopted, *i.e.*, the comparatives under ASC 840 option.

The Organization adopted Topic 842 on July 1, 2022 (the effective date), using the comparatives under ASC 840 transition method, which applies Topic 842 at the beginning of the period in which it is adopted. Prior period amounts have not been adjusted in connection with the adoption of this standard. The Organization elected the package of practical expedients under the new standard, which permits entities to not reassess lease classification, lease identification or initial direct costs for existing or expired leases prior to the effective date. The Organization has lease agreements with nonlease components that relate to the lease components. The Organization elected the

practical expedient to account for nonlease components and the lease components to which they relate as a single lease component for all. Also, the Organization elected to keep short-term leases with an initial term of 12 months or less off the statement of position. The Organization did not elect the hindsight practical expedient in determining the lease term for existing leases as of July 1, 2022.

The most significant impact of adoption was the recognition of operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities of \$10,078,787 and \$9,972,809, respectively. As part of adopting the standard, previously recognized liabilities for deferred rent in the amount of \$244,751 were reclassified as a component of the ROU assets. The standard did not significantly affect consolidated statements of activities or cash flows.

#### **Accounting Policies**

The Organization determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at inception. Leases result in the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position. ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease, measured on a discounted basis. The Organization determines lease classification as operating or finance at the lease commencement date.

The Organization combines lease and nonlease components, such as common area and other maintenance costs, and accounts for them as a single lease component in calculating the ROU assets and lease liabilities for all of its leases.

At lease commencement, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The ROU asset equals the lease liability adjusted for any initial direct costs, prepaid or deferred rent, and lease incentives. The Organization has made a policy election to use a risk-free rate (the rate of a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury instrument) for the initial and subsequent measurement of all lease liabilities. The risk-free rate is determined using a period comparable with the lease term.

The lease term may include options to extend or to terminate the lease that the Organization is reasonably certain to exercise. Lease expense is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Organization has elected not to record leases with an initial term of 12 months or less on the consolidated statements of financial position. Lease expense on such leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Nature of Leases

The Organization has entered into the following lease arrangements:

The Organization has several noncancelable operating leases for residential and administrative space, which expire through July 31, 2034.

In addition, the Organization leases certain vehicles under various noncancelable operating lease agreements that expire through February 18, 2024.

#### All Leases

The Organization has no material related-party leases.

The Organization's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

#### **Quantitative Disclosures**

The lease cost and other required information for the year ended June 30, 2023 are:

Lease cost	
Operating lease cost	\$ 6,384,793
Short-term lease cost	 1,349,317
Total lease cost	\$ 7,734,110
Other information	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement	
of lease liabilities	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 6,158,368
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new	
operating lease liabilities	6,339,300
Weighted-average remaining lease term	
Operating leases	4.03 years
Weighted-average discount rate	
Operating leases	3.45%

Future minimum lease payments and reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Operating Leases		
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$	5,119,034 2,152,169 890,246 714,073 545,831 1,331,115	
Total future undiscounted lease payments		10,752,468	
Less interest		(596,806)	
Lease liabilities	\$	10,155,662	

### Prior Year Long-Term Debt Disclosure under Topic 840

In 2022, rent expense was \$7,491,922.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases are:

	Space Rental	Vehicle Rental	Total		
2022–2023	\$ 5,060,903	\$ 33,071	\$ 5,093,974		
2023–2024	2,402,861	16,289	2,419,150		
2024–2025	1,164,850	-	1,164,850		
2025–2026	582,354	-	582,354		
2026–2027	404,426	-	404,426		
Thereafter	1,744,157		1,744,157		
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 11,359,551	\$ 49,360	\$ 11,408,911		

### Note 12. Pension Plan and Deferred Compensation Plan

The Organization has a 403(b) defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all employees who have completed two years of service as of December 31 of the plan year. The Board of Directors annually determines the amount, if any, of the Organization's discretionary contributions to the plan. Pension expense was \$247,607 and \$214,081 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### Note 13. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

### **Recurring Measurements**

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023			
	 Total	Mea Usir Price Ma Iden	ir Value surements ng Quoted es in Active arkets for tical Assets Level 1)	
Equity securities				
American Depository	\$ 56,430	\$	56,430	
Common Stock	301,911		301,911	
Foreign Canadian	16,569		16,569	
Foreign Ordinaries	37,440		37,440	
Real estate	7,352		7,352	
Close-end funds	121,653		121,653	
Exchange-traded funds	104,189		104,189	
Mutual funds				
Bond funds	1,261,037		1,261,037	
Equity funds	 365,619		365,619	
Total	2,272,200	\$	2,272,200	
Cash equivalents	 57,587			
Total	\$ 2,329,787			

	2	022	
	Total	Fa Mea Usi Pric M Ider	air Value asurements ng Quoted es in Active arkets for ntical Assets Level 1)
Equity securities			
American Depository	\$ 53,470	\$	53,470
Common Stock	317,433		317,433
Foreign Canadian	11,875		11,875
Foreign Ordinaries Real estate	30,183		30,183
Close-end funds	11,641		11,641
Exchange-traded funds	97,359 41,581		97,359 41,581
Mutual funds	41,501		41,501
Bond funds	1,298,468		1,298,468
Equity funds	293,139		293,139
	 200,100		200,100
Total	2,155,149	\$	2,155,149
Cash equivalents	 39,294		
Total	\$ 2,194,443		

Certain reclassifications in investment presentation have been made to the 2022 consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2023 consolidated financial statement presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the change in net assets.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

#### Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of difference methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

#### Note 14. Net Assets

#### Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2023 and 2022 are available for the following purposes:

	2023			2022		
Housing, food, and legal Hurricane Sandy and disaster relief preparedness and mitigation	\$	748,891 -	\$	1,136,728 162,102		
	\$	748,891	\$	1,298,830		

#### Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors.

	2023	2022
Housing, food, and legal Hurricane Sandy and disaster relief preparedness and mitigation	\$ 1,923,469 162,102	\$ 1,575,062 34,880
	\$ 2,085,571	\$ 1,609,942

#### Note 15. Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

As of June 30, 2023, 64% of receivables were due from NYC DHS, NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene (NYC DOHMH), and New York State. In 2023, 56% of revenue was due from NYC DHS, NYC DOHMH, and New York State. As of June 30, 2022, 53% of receivables were due from Public Health Solutions, NYC DHS, and NYC DOHMH. In 2022, 47% of revenue was due from NYC DHS and NYC DOHMH. This represents a concentration of credit risk to the Organization.

#### Investments

The Organization invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near-term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

#### Note 16. Related-Party Transaction

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Organization paid rent of approximately \$33,600 and \$27,000, respectively, to the estate of a family member of the President and CEO.

# Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

The Organization receives substantially all its revenues for services provided for approved participants from thirdparty reimbursement agencies, including Medicaid. These revenues are based on predetermined rates based on cost reimbursement principles and are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment by the respective third-party fiscal intermediary. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, management has estimated no need for a reserve for potential rate adjustments.

The Organization is responsible for reporting to various third parties. These agencies, as well as the New York State Office of the Attorney General, the Internal Revenue Service, the New York State Office of the Medicaid Inspector General, the New York State Department of Health, the New York State Charities Bureau, and others have the right to audit the Organization.

### Litigation

The Organization is subject to claims and lawsuits that arose primarily in the ordinary course of its activities. It is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, change in net assets, and cash flows of the Organization. Events could occur that would change this estimate materially in the near term.

# Note 18. COVID-19 Pandemic

#### **Payroll Tax Credits**

The CARES Act provides for a deferral of payments of the employer portion of payroll tax incurred during the pandemic, allowing half of such payroll taxes be deferred until December 2021, and the remaining half until December 2022. At June 30, 2022, the Organization had deferred \$259,620 of payroll taxes recorded as part of accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

#### Note 19. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 14, 2024, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued.

# Note 20. Liquidity and Availability

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the consolidated statements of financial position date for general expenditures at June 30, 2023 and 2022 are:

	2023	2022
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,747,404	\$ 2,557,326
Investments	2,329,787	2,194,443
Accounts receivable	586,780	778,293
Due from government agencies	16,693,878	13,476,525
Contributions receivable	189,075	562,295
Total financial assets	21,546,924	19,568,882
Internal designations		
Board designated	(2,316,354)	(2,184,129)
Donor-imposed restrictions		
Restricted funds	(748,891)	(1,298,830)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs		
for general expenditures within one year	\$ 18,481,679	\$ 16,085,923

The Organization does not intend to spend from the board-designated funds of \$2,316,354 and \$2,184,129 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, other than amounts that may be appropriated for general expenditures as part of the Board's annual budget approval and appropriation. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, the Organization has a \$2 million line of credit.

The Organization manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs, and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. The level of liquidity reserves was managed within the policy.

# Note 21. Future Changes in Accounting Principles

#### Accounting for Financial Instruments - Credit Losses

FASB amended its standards related to the accounting for credit losses on financial instruments. This amendment introduces new guidance for accounting for credit losses on instruments including trade receivables and finance receivables. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those years. The Organization is in the process of evaluating the effect the amendment will have on the consolidated financial statements.

Supplementary Information

# Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Financial Position Information June 30, 2023

	Project Hospitality	Watershed	New Vision	PH 385 HDFC	Castleton	<b>Biminations</b>	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,013,298	\$ 3,666	\$ 565,702	\$ 146,504	\$ 18,234	\$ -	\$ 1,747,404
Investments	2,329,787	-	-	-	-	-	2,329,787
Accounts receivable	323,246	263,221	-	313	-	-	586,780
Due from government agencies	16,691,061	-	-	2,817	-	-	16,693,878
Interfund receivable (payable)	685,711	(88,667)	(351,454)	(227,265)	(18,325)	-	-
Due from affiliated entities	4,025,188	1,128,172	1,103,673	1,302,702	-	(7,559,735)	-
Contributions receivable	189,075	-	-	-	-	-	189,075
Assets limited as to use	-	-	-	58,556	-	-	58,556
Prepaid expenses and other receivables	325,552	2,082	2,302	6,522	-	-	336,458
Right-of-use assets - operating leases	9,941,078	-	-	-	-	-	9,941,078
Note receivable	-	799,740	-	-	-	-	799,740
Property and equipment, net	4,022,491	252,766	3,018,320	2,892,281	250,711		10,436,569
Total assets	\$ 39,546,487	\$ 2,360,980	\$ 4,338,543	\$ 4,182,430	\$ 250,620	\$ (7,559,735)	\$ 43,119,325
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,240,794	\$ 225	\$ 11,247	\$ 82,260	\$ 243,000	\$ -	\$ 3,577,526
Long-term debt	\$ 3,240,794 1,358,441	φ 225	φ 11,247	\$ 82,200 889,926	φ 243,000	φ -	\$ 3,577,520 2,248,367
Due from government agencies	1,687,753	-	-	009,920	-	-	1,687,753
Operating lease liabilities	10,149,926	-	-	-	-	-	10,149,926
	10,149,920	-	- 2 075 765	-	-	-	
Capital advance	2 507 470	4 400 000	3,275,765	4 507 000	-		3,275,765
Due to affiliated entities	3,587,476	1,188,239	1,215,707	1,537,086	31,227	(7,559,735)	
Total liabilities	20,024,390	1,188,464	4,502,719	2,509,272	274,227	(7,559,735)	20,939,337
Net Assets (Deficit)							
Without donor restrictions							
Undesignated	16,456,852	1,172,516	(164,176)	1,673,158	(23,607)	-	19,114,743
Board designated	2,316,354						2,316,354
	18,773,206	1,172,516	(164,176)	1,673,158	(23,607)	-	21,431,097
With donor restrictions	748,891			<u> </u>			748,891
Total net assets (deficit)	19,522,097	1,172,516	(164,176)	1,673,158	(23,607)		22,179,988
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 39,546,487	\$ 2,360,980	\$ 4,338,543	\$ 4,182,430	\$ 250,620	\$ (7,559,735)	\$ 43,119,325

# Project Hospitality, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Schedule – Statement of Activities Information Year Ended June 30, 2023

	P	Project Hospitalit	у	Watershed	New Vision	PH 385 HDFC	Castleton		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions	Without Donor Restrictions	Without Donor Restrictions	Without Donor Restrictions	<b>Eliminations</b>	Total
Revenues, Gains, and Other Support									
Government grants	\$38,458,916	\$-	\$38,458,916	\$-	\$-	\$1,700,093	\$-	\$-	\$40,159,009
Medicaid and other program fees	7,541,803	-	7,541,803	-	-	-	-	(40,891)	7,500,912
Rental income	1,955,468	-	1,955,468	12,000	303,137	-	-	(112,800)	2,157,805
Contributions and grants revenue	451,010	1,535,632	1,986,642	-	-	-	-	-	1,986,642
Special events - net of direct costs of \$41,117	231,479	-	231,479	-	-	-	-	-	231,479
Investment return	162,229	-	162,229	46,717	484	90	-	-	209,520
Contributed nonfinancial assets	471,736	-	471,736	-	-	-	-	-	471,736
Other income	352,076	-	352,076	-	5,415	75	-	-	357,566
Net assets released from restrictions	2,085,571	(2,085,571)							
Total revenues, gains, and									
other support	51,710,288	(549,939)	51,160,349	58,717	309,036	1,700,258		(153,691)	53,074,669
Expenses Program services Support and treatment services Re-housing services	12,464,778 13,789,432	-	12,464,778 13,789,432	- 78,399	- 321,319	-	- 12,985	- (75,433)	12,464,778 14,126,702
Homeless care and prevention services	18,078,842		18,078,842	-	255,948	1,558,162		(57,600)	19,835,352
Total program services	44,333,052		44,333,052	78,399	577,267	1,558,162	12,985	(133,033)	46,426,832
Supporting services Management and general Fundraising	4,885,169 212,776	-	4,885,169 212,776	2,886	5,772	134,234	-	(20,658)	5,007,403 212,776
Total supporting services	5,097,945	-	5,097,945	2,886	5,772	134,234		(20,658)	5,220,179
Total expenses	49,430,997		49,430,997	81,285	583,039	1,692,396	12,985	(153,691)	51,647,011
Change in Net Assets	2,279,291	(549,939)	1,729,352	(22,568)	(274,003)	7,862	(12,985)	-	1,427,658
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	16,493,915	1,298,830	17,792,745	1,195,084	109,827	1,665,296	(10,622)		20,752,330
Net Assets, End of Year	\$18,773,206	\$ 748,891	\$ 19,522,097	\$1,172,516	\$ (164,176)	\$1,673,158	\$ (23,607)	\$-	\$22,179,988